

THREAT INTELLIGENCE REPORT

Apr 30 - May 06, 2024

Report Summary:

New Threat Detection Added – 5 (DinodasRAT, Firebird RAT, Matsnu Malware, DarkGate RAT and Ducktail Malware)

New Threat Protections - 96

The following threats were added to Crystal Eye XDR this week:

1. DinodasRAT

DinodasRAT, also known as XDealer, is a sneaky malware that gives attackers full control of your computer. This multi-platform threat can spy on you, steal data, and even run programs remotely. DinodasRAT has versions for Windows and Linux, and it's especially dangerous because it can hide its tracks. Developed from a legitimate remote access tool, it's been linked to cyberespionage campaigns targeting governments.

Rules Created: 02 Rule Set Type:

Ruleset	IDS: Action	IPS: Action
Balanced	Reject	Drop
Security	Reject	Drop
WAF	Disabled	Disabled
Connectivity	Alert	Alert
ОТ	Disabled	Disabled

Class Type: Trojan-activity

Tactic	Technique ID	Technique Name
Execution	T1053.001	AT (Linux): Sample Persists itself using system V run levels.
	T1059	Command and Scripting Interpreter
	T1064	Scripting
Persistence	T1053.001	Sample persists itself using System V run levels
Defence Evasion	T1027	Obfuscated Files or Information
	T1064	Scripting
	T1070	Indicator Removal
	T1070.004	File Deletion
	T1222	File and Directory Permissions Modification
Discovery	T1016	System Network Configuration Discovery
	T1033	System Owner/User Discovery
Collection	T1105	Ingress Tool Transfer
Command-and-Control	T1071.001	Application Layer Protocol
	T1095	Non-Application Layer Protocol
	T1573	Encrypted Channel

2. Firebird RAT

Firebird RAT, also known as Hive RAT, was a malicious remote access tool that masquerades as a legitimate administration tool and grants attackers full control of infected devices. Firebird boasted stealthy features and could steal passwords, spy on victims, and even turn their machines into parts of large botnets. Thankfully, in April 2024, authorities arrested those believed to be behind Firebird's creation and distribution.

Rules Created: 01 Rule Set Type:

Ruleset	IDS: Action	IPS: Action
Balanced	Reject	Drop
Security	Reject	Drop
WAF	Disabled	Disabled
Connectivity	Alert	Alert
OT	Disabled	Disabled

Class Type: Trojan-activity

Tactic	Technique ID	Technique Name
Initial Access	T1566.001	Spear phishing Attachment
Execution	T1059.003	Command and Scripting Interpreter: Windows Command Shell
	T1059.005	Command and Scripting Interpreter: Visual Basic
Persistence	T1053.001	Registry Run Keys / Startup Folder
Defence Evasion	T1036	Masquerading
	T1027	Obfuscated Files or Information
Discovery	T1057	Process Discovery
Collection	T1114	Email Collection
Command-and-Control	T1071	Application Layer Protocol

3. Matsnu Malware

Matsnu is a sneaky Windows Trojan that acts as a backdoor for attackers. It infects your system and hides, impersonating other software to avoid detection. Once in, it can download and run malicious programs on your machine. This malware uses clever tricks like domain generation algorithms to connect with its command centre, making it harder to block. Matsnu is a serious threat that can steal data or encrypt your files.

Rules Created: 01 Rule Set Type:

Ruleset	IDS: Action	IPS: Action
Balanced	Reject	Drop
Security	Reject	Drop
WAF	Disabled	Disabled
Connectivity	Alert	Alert
ОТ	Disabled	Disabled

Class Type: Trojan-activity

Tactic	Technique ID	Technique Name
Execution	T1204	User Execution
Defence Evasion	T1027	Obfuscated Files or Information
	T027.002	Software Packing
Credential Access	T1003	OS Credential Dumping
Discovery	T1082	System Information Discovery
	T1083	File and Directory Discovery
Collection	T1005	Data from Local System
	T1560	Archive Collected Data
Command-and-Control	T1071	Application Layer Protocol

4. DarkGate RAT

DarkGate, lurking since 2018, is a Remote Access Trojan (RAT) for hire. Sold on cybercrime forums, it grants attackers full control of infected devices. Disguised as harmless files, DarkGate can steal your data, spy on your keystrokes, and even take control of your webcam. This RAT is known for evading detection and has exploited Windows vulnerabilities in the past. Stay vigilant, keep your software updated, and be cautious of suspicious links or attachments to avoid DarkGate's grasp.

Rules Created: 01 Rule Set Type:

Ruleset	IDS: Action	IPS: Actio	
Balanced	Reject	Drop	
Security	Reject	Drop	
WAF	Disabled	Disabled	
Connectivity	Alert	Alert	

Disabled

Class Type: Trojan-activity

OT

Kill Chain:

Tactic	Technique ID	Technique Name
Initial Access	T1566.002	Spear phishing Link
Execution	T1204	User Execution
Defence Evasion	T1036	Masquerading
Credential Access	T1003	OS Credential Dumping
	T1056	Input Capture
	T1552	Unsecured Credentials
Discovery	T1012	Query Registry
Collection	T1005	Data from Local System
Command-and-Control	T1071	Application Layer Protocol

Action эр

Disabled

5. Ducktail Malware

Ducktail malware, active since 2021, targets Facebook Business accounts. This Vietnamese cybercrime operation spreads through fake job postings, often on LinkedIn. Luring marketing professionals, they send archives with malware disguised as PDFs containing fashion industry content. Ducktail steals Facebook session cookies to hijack ad accounts, potentially causing financial losses and privacy issues for businesses.

Rules Created: 03 Rule Set Type:

Ruleset	IDS: Action	IPS: Action
Balanced	Reject	Drop
Security	Reject	Drop
WAF	Disabled	Disabled
Connectivity	Alert	Alert
ОТ	Disabled	Disabled

Class Type: Trojan-activity

Tactic	Technique ID	Technique Name
Privilege Escalation	T1055	Process Injection
Defence Evasion	T1055	Process Injection
	T1497	VM Evasion
Discovery	T1018	Remote System Discovery
	T1082	System Information Discovery
Command-and-Control	T1071	Application Layer Protocol

Known exploited vulnerabilities (Week 1 May 2024):

Vulnerability	CVSS	Description	
CVE-2024-29988	8.8 (High)	Microsoft SmartScreen Prompt Security Feature Bypass Vulnerability	
CVE-2023-7028	7.5 (High)	GitLab Community and Enterprise Editions Improper Access Control Vulnerability	

Updated Malware Signatures (Week 1 May 2024)

Threat	Description
Upatre	Upatre is also a malware dropper that downloads additional malware on an infected machine. It is usually observed to drop banking trojan
	after the initial infection.
Remcos	Remcos functions as a remote access trojan (RAT), granting unauthorised individuals the ability to issue commands on the compromised
	host, record keystrokes, engage with the host's webcam, and take snapshots. Typically, this malicious software is distributed through Microsoft
	Office documents containing macros, which are often attached to malicious emails.
QuasarRat	A remote access trojan that was made available to the public as an open-source project. Once installed on a victim's machine, it is capable of
	keylogging, data and screen capturing among other things. It is also known to be highly customisable depending on the threat actor's intended
	need.
Bifrost	A remote access trojan that enables its operator to take control of a victim machine and steal data. It is usually distributed through spam and
	phishing emails.

Ransomware Report

The Red Piranha Team actively collects information on organisations globally affected by ransomware attacks from various sources, including the Dark Web. In the past week alone, our team uncovered new ransomware victims and updates on previous victims across 20 different industries spanning 26 countries. This underscores the widespread and indiscriminate impact of ransomware attacks, emphasising their potential to affect organisations of varying sizes and sectors worldwide.

Play ransomware stands out as the most prolific, having updated a significant number of victims (15%) distributed across multiple countries. In comparison, LockBit3.0 ransomware updated 14% victims, in the past week. The following list provides the victim counts in percentages for these ransomware groups and a selection of others.

Name of Ransomware Group	Percentage of new Victims last week
8Base	3.30%
Akira	1.10%
Apos	4.40%
Bianlian	2.20%
Black Suit	1.10%
Blackbasta	3.30%
Cactus	1.10%
Cloak	2.20%
Dan0N	1.10%
Darkvault	1.10%
Embargo	1.10%
Eraleign (Apt73)	3.30%
Everest	3.30%
Hunters	3.30%
INC Ransom	5.49%
Lockbit3.0	14.29%
Medusa	5.49%
Play	15.38%
Qilin	2.20%
RA Group	2.20%
Ransomhub	3.30%
Ransomware Blog	1.10%
Rhysida	1.10%
Space Bears	5.49%
Team Underground	12.09%

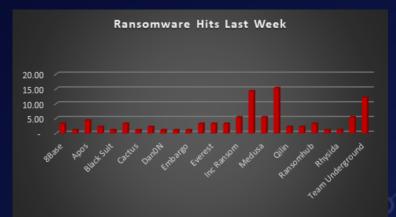


Figure 1: Ransomware Group Hits Last Week

Team Underground Ransomware

Team Underground is a relatively new ransomware group that emerged in 2023. While not as notorious as some established actors, they have garnered attention for their tactics and the information they offer alongside their typical extortion attempts.

Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (TTPs)

Delivery: The exact infection vector used by Team Underground is still under investigation. However, some reports suggest they might leverage spam campaigns with malicious attachments or exploit unpatched vulnerabilities in software to gain initial access.

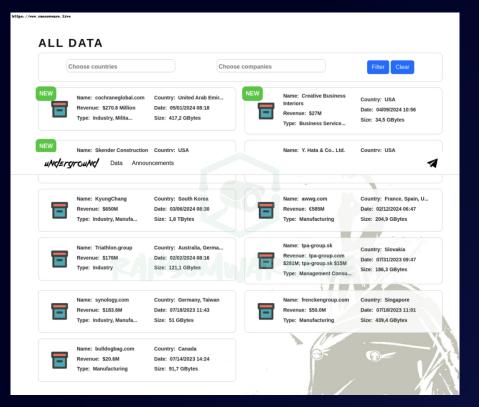
Encryption: Team Underground utilises a custom-made ransomware executable built with Microsoft Visual C/C++ and designed for 64-bit systems. The ransomware encrypts victim files and unlike many strains, doesn't alter filenames or extensions.

Exfiltration: In a unique twist, Team Underground claims to steal data during the attack process. Their ransom note mentions exfiltrating sensitive information like financial records, employee data, and confidential agreements. This adds another layer of pressure on victims, as leaking such information could be disastrous.

Ransom Note: Team Underground's ransom note, titled "!readme!!!.txt", stands out for offering more than just a decryption key in exchange for a ransom payment (which can be as high as \$3 million!). They promise to provide details on exploited network vulnerabilities and even offer recommendations for improved information security. It is unclear if these are genuine offers or simply a ploy to build trust with victims.



Leak Site: Team Underground maintains a leak site on the dark web where they threaten to publish stolen data if the ransom is not paid.



Exploited Vulnerabilities

Specific vulnerabilities exploited by Team Underground have not been publicly disclosed yet. However, their ability to gain access to systems suggests they target unpatched software vulnerabilities or weaknesses in network security.

Recommendations:

- Stay Updated: Regularly update your software and operating systems to patch known vulnerabilities.
- · Educate Staff: Train employees on cybersecurity best practices, including phishing awareness, to avoid falling victim to social engineering attacks.
- Strong Backups: Maintain robust backup procedures and store backups securely, ideally offline. This allows for data recovery in case of an attack.
- Security Measures: Implement strong security measures like firewalls and endpoint detection and response (XDR/EDR) solutions to deter and identify threats.
- Remember: Paying the ransom does not guarantee data recovery and fuels the cybercrime ecosystem. Report any ransomware attack to the relevant authorities, such as the Australian Cyber Security Centre (ACSC).

Kill Chain:

Tactic	Technique ID	Technique Name
Execution	T1204	User Execution
Defence Evasion	T1070	Delete Shadow drive data
Discovery	T1217	Browser Information Discovery
	T1082	System Information Discovery
	T1083	File and Directory Discovery
Impact	T1486	Data Encrypted for Impact
	T1490	Inhibit System Recovery

Indicators of Compromise (IOCs)

Indicators	Indicator Type	Description
059175be5681a633190cd9631e2975f6	Hash	Underground Team
0a08d9b027457da99725968eb4566eb836a7d503219ad5690f851caecabce93d		Ransomware
hxxp://47glxkuxyayqrvugfumgsblrdagvrah7gttfscgzn56eyss5wg3uvmqd.onion	URLs	Leak Site
hxxp://undgrddapc4reaunnrdrmnagvdelqfvmgycuvilgwb5uxm25sxawaoqd.onion		
hxxp://ehehqyhw3iev2vfso4vqs7kcrzltfebe5vbimq62p2ja7pslczs3q6qd.onion/auth/login		0

In a comprehensive analysis of ransomware victims across 26 countries, the United States emerges as the most heavily impacted nation, reporting a staggering 59% victim updates in the past week. The following list provides a breakdown of the number and percentage of new ransomware victims per country, underscoring the persistent and concerning prevalence of ransomware attacks, with the USA particularly susceptible to these cybersecurity threats.

Industry	Victims Count (%)
Argentina	3.30%
Australia	3.30%
Brazil	2.20%
Canada	3.30%
Czech Republic	1.10%
France	1.10%
Georgia	1.10%
Germany	4.40%
India	2.20%
Libya	1.10%
Malaysia	1.10%
Mexico	1.10%
Netherlands	1.10%
New Zealand	1.10%
Norway	1.10%
Puerto Rico	1.10%
Slovakia	1.10%
Sobieski	1.10%
South Korea	1.10%
Spain	1.10%
Sweden	1.10%
Switzerland	1.10%
Taiwan	1.10%
UAE	1.10%
UK	2.20%
USA	59.34%

Worldwide Ransomware Victims

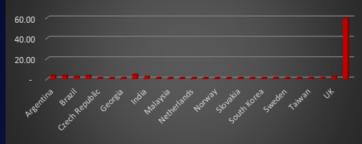


Figure 4: Ransomware Victims Worldwide

Upon further investigation, it has been identified that ransomware has left its mark on 20 different industries worldwide. Notably, the Manufacturing industry bore the brunt of the attacks in the past week, accounting for 15% of victims. There are a few key reasons why the manufacturing sector is a prime target for ransomware groups:

- High Disruption Potential: Manufacturing relies heavily on interconnected systems and just-in-time production. A ransomware attack can grind operations to a halt, causing significant financial losses due to production delays and lost revenue. This pressure to get back online quickly can make manufacturers more willing to pay the ransom.
- Vulnerable Legacy Systems: Many manufacturers use legacy control systems (OT) that haven't been updated for security. These older systems often lack robust security features, making them easier targets for attackers to exploit.
- Limited Cybersecurity Investment: Traditionally, cybersecurity might not have been a top priority for some manufacturers compared to production efficiency. This lack of investment in security awareness training and robust security protocols leaves them exposed.
- Valuable Data: Manufacturing facilities often hold valuable intellectual property (IP) and trade secrets. Ransomware groups may not only disrupt operations but also threaten to leak this sensitive data if the ransom isn't paid.
- Success Breeds Success: The high payout potential from past attacks on manufacturers incentivises ransomware groups to continue targeting them.

The table below delineates the most recent ransomware victims, organised by industry, shedding light on the sectors grappling with the significant impact of these cyber threats.

Industry	Victims Count (%)
Business Services	15.38%
Construction	16.48%
Consumer Services	2.20%
Education	1.10%
Energy, Utilities & Waste Treatment	3.30%
Finance	6.59%
Government	1.10%
Healthcare	4.40%
Hospitality	2.20%
Insurance	3.30%
IT	3.30%
Legal Services	1.10%
Manufacturing	15.38%
Media & Internet	3.30%
Metals & Mining	1.10%
Organisations	2.20%
Real Estate	2.20%
Retail	10.99%
Telecom	2.20%
Transportation	2.20%

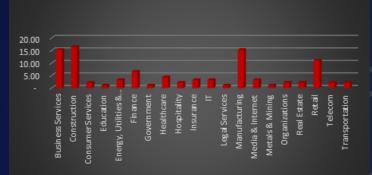


Figure 5: Industry-wise Ransomware Victims

Industry Wide Ransomware Victims