

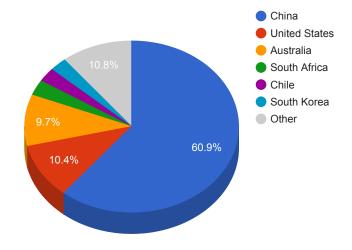
Trends

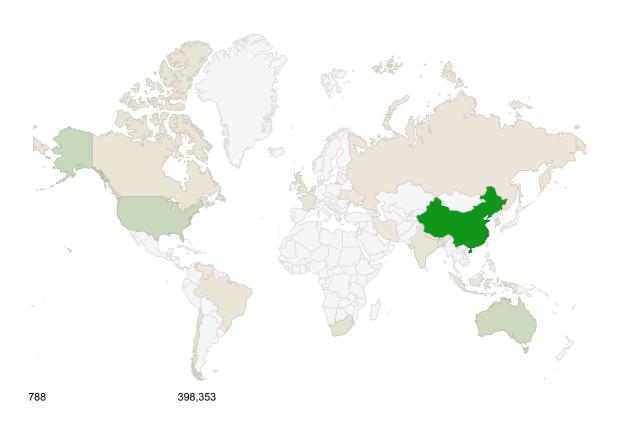
- The top attacker country was China with 398353 unique attackers (58.00%).
- The top Trojan C&C servers detected were TrickBot and Heodo with 18 instances detected each.

Top Attackers By Country

Country	Occurences	Percentage
China	398353	58.00%
United States	67944	9.00%
Australia	63586	9.00%
South Africa	19271	2.00%
Chile	17312	2.00%
South Korea	17094	2.00%
India	12718	1.00%
France	10223	1.00%
United Kingdom	8669	1.00%
Canada	8156	1.00%
Brazil	7892	1.00%
Indonesia	7221	1.00%
Russia	5219	0%
Netherlands	3903	0%
Iran	2159	0%
Venezuela	1397	0%
Ukraine	1369	0%
Hong Kong	892	0%
Nepal	788	0%

Top Attackers by Country

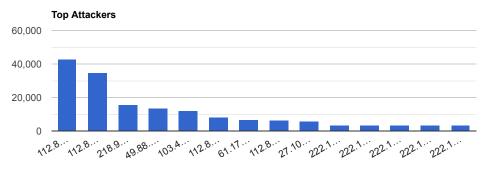




Top Attacking Hosts

Host	Occurrences	
112.85.42.187	42799	
112.85.42.88	34612	
218.92.0.190	15755	
49.88.112.115	13619	
103.44.253.24	12103	

112.85.42.189	8478	
61.177.172.13	7021	
112.85.42.238	6170	
27.106.60.179	5842	
222.186.175.148	3637	
222.186.169.192	3470	
222.186.173.226	3430	
222.186.173.238	3400	
222.186.173.154	3310	



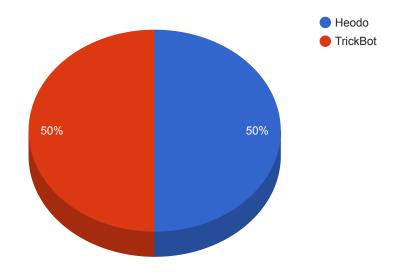
Top Network Attackers

ASN	Country	Name
4837	China	CHINA169-BACKBONE CHINA
4037	Crima	UNICOM China169 Backbone, CN
4134	China	CHINANET-BACKBONE No.31,Jin-
4134	Crima	rong Street, CN
4816	China	CHINANET-IDC-GD China Telecom
4010	Cillia	(Group), CN
45194	India	SIPL-AS Syscon Infoway Pvt. Ltd., IN
		CHINANET-JIANGSU-PROVINCE-
23650	China	IDC AS Number for CHINANET
		jiangsu province backbone, CN

Remote Access Trojan C&C Servers Found

Name	Number Discovered	Location
		108.26.231.214 , 124.45.106.173 ,
		153.204.32.49 , 157.7.199.53 ,
		187.106.41.99 , 187.207.207.16 ,
		190.163.31.26 , 190.164.75.175 ,
Heodo	18	190.96.118.251 , 201.170.77.7 ,
		212.156.133.218 , 212.231.60.98 ,
		70.167.215.250 , 71.208.216.10 ,
		71.50.31.38 , 74.207.230.187 ,
		78.189.111.208, 95.9.185.228
		107.174.26.187 , 162.216.0.187 ,
		162.216.0.190 , 185.14.31.135 ,
		185.164.32.204, 185.172.165.211,
		188.40.203.209, 188.40.203.215,
TrickBot	18	194.5.249.15 , 195.123.221.121 ,
		195.123.239.53 , 217.12.209.44 ,
		46.17.107.116 , 78.108.216.13 ,
		80.82.68.132, 80.82.68.32,
		93.189.41.213 , 93.189.42.114

Trojan C&C Servers Detected



MD5	VirusTotal	FileName	Claimed Product	Detection Name
34560233e751b7e9 5f155b6f61e7419a	https://www.virustotal.com/gui/file/8b4216a7c50599b11241876ada8ae6f07b48f1abe6590c2440004ea4db5becc9/details	SASorvice eve	SAService	PUA.Win.Dropper.Seg urazo::tpd
179c09b866c90632 54083216b55693e6	https://www.virustotal. com/gui/file/449f4a4 524c06e798193c1d3 ba21c2d9338936375 227277898c583780 392d4d8/details	SA Samilas ava	SAService	PUA.Win.File.Seguraz o::95.sbx.tg
a10a6d9dfc0328a39 1a3fdb1a9fb18db	https://www.virustotal.com/gui/file/094d4da 0ae3ded8b936428b b7393c77aaedd5efb 5957116afd4263bd7 edc2188/details	FlashHelperServices.e	FlashHelperService	PUA.Win.Adware.Flas hserv::100.sbx.vioc
8193b63313019b614 d5be721c538486b	https://www.virustotal.com/gui/file/e3eeaee 0af4b549eae4447fa 20cfe205e8d56beec f43cf14a11bf3e86ae 6e8bd/details	SAntivirusService.exe	SAService	PUA.Win.Dropper.Seg urazo::95.sbx.tg
e2ea315d9a83e7577 053f52c974f6a5a	https://www.virustotal. com/gui/file/c3e530c c005583b47322b66 49ddc0dab1b64bcf2 2b124a492606763c 52fb048f/details	c3e530cc005583b4 7322b6649ddc0dab1 b64bcf22b124a4926	N/A	Win.Dropper.Agentwd cr::1201

Top Phishing Campaigns

Phishing Target	Count

Other	1502
Facebook	177
Three	17
Blockchain	1
RuneScape	50
Apple	2
Microsoft	14
PayPal	4
DHL	3
TSB	1
Westpac	1
Twitter	1
Amazon.com	4
Caixa	2
Virustotal	1
Dropbox	1

CVEs with Recently Discovered Exploits

This is a list of recent vulnerabilities for which exploits are available.

CVE, Title, Vendor	Description	CVSS v3.1 Base Score	Date Created	Date Updated
CVE-2020- 8605 Trend Micro Web Security Virtual Appliance Remote Code Execution Vulnerability Trend Micro	A vulnerability in Trend Micro InterScan Web Security Virtual Appliance may allow remote attackers to execute arbitrary code on affected installations. An attacker can leverage this vulnerability to disclose information in the context of the IWSS user. An authenticated remote attacker could exploit a command injection vulnerability in the product, leading to remote code execution vulnerability.	CVSSv3BaseScore:8.	05/27/2020	07/14/2020

CVE-2020- 1350 Microsoft Windows DNS Server Remote Code Execution Vulnerability Microsoft	A remote code execution vulnerability exists in Windows Domain Name System servers when they fail to properly handle requests. An attacker who successfully exploited the vulnerability could run arbitrary code in the context of the Local System Account. Windows servers that are configured as DNS servers are at risk from this vulnerability.	CVSSv3BaseScore:10 .0(AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI: N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)	07/14/2020	07/23/2020
CVE-2020- 5902 F5 BIG-IP Remote Code Execution Vulnerability F5	F5 BIG-IP is exposed to remote code execution vulnerability. The vulnerability that has been actively exploited in the wild allows attackers to read files, execute code or take complete control over vulnerable systems having network access.	CVSSv3BaseScore:9. 8(AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI: N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)	07/01/2020	07/21/2020
CVE-2020- 6287 SAP NetWeaver Application Server JAVA Multiple Vulnerabilities SAP	and therefore	CVSSv3BaseScore:10 .0(AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI: N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)	07/14/2020	07/16/2020

CVE-2020- 15363 WordPress Theme NexosReal Estate 'search_order' SQL Injection Vulnerability Nexos	NexosReal Estate Theme is exposed to remote SQL injection vulnerability that allows side-map/? search_order= SQL Injection.	CVSSv3BaseScore:9. 8(AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI: N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)	06/28/2020	07/22/2020
CVE-2020- 13866 WinGate Privilege Escalation Vulnerability qbik	WinGate has insecure permissions for the installation directory, which allows local users to gain privileges by replacing an executable file with a Trojan horse. The WinGate directory hands full control to authenticated users, who can then run arbitrary code as SYSTEM after a WinGate restart or system reboot.	CVSSv3BaseScore:7.	06/08/2020	06/11/2020
CVE-2020- 2021 Palo Alto Networks PAN-OS Authentication Bypass in SAML Authentication Vulnerability Palo Alto Networks	When Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) authentication is enabled and the 'Validate Identity Provider Certificate' option is disabled (unchecked), improper verification of signatures in PAN-OS SAML authentication enables an unauthenticated network-based attacker to access protected resources. The attacker must have network access to the vulnerable server to exploit this vulnerability.	CVSSv3BaseScore:10 .0(AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI: N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)	I .	07/06/2020

CVE-2020- 3952 VMware vCenter vmdir Information Disclosure Vulnerability VMware	may be able to extract	CVSSv3BasoScoro:9	04/10/2020	06/02/2020
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